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*Malaga, May 24. N. S.*

THE Count *d'Eſtrees*, with 8 *French* Men of War, paſſed by this Place the 20th Inſtant towards *Cadiz*, and were joined by 2 *French* Men of War that were in this Port. Yeſterday a *French* Man of War, 2 Fire-Ships, a Store-Ship, and 2 Bomb-Veſſels, called in here for Orders, and ſailed after the reſt to *Cadiz*, where they have their General Rendezvous. The ſame day came in 4 *Spaniſh* Galleys, commanded by the Duke of *Naſara*, having Soldiers on board, which they brought from *Barcelona*, and this day came in 6 Sattees with Soldiers from the ſame Place, making with thoſe on board the Galleys, about 2400 Men. The Sattees were convoyed by two *French* Men of War, who took in at *Barcelona* 60 Pieces of Cannon, with ſome Mortars and Stores. They intend to ſail this evening to *Gibraltar*; 'Tis ſaid, when they are arrived there, the Duke of *Naſara* will quit his Command, to avoid ſerving under the Count *d'Eſtrees*, who is made Lieutenant-General of the *Spaniſh* Navy. Two *Spaniſh* Galleys came in here laſt week from *Cadiz*, and are going to *Carthagena*, to receive on board the new Governor of *Oran*, whom they are to carry to his Government.

*Florence, June* 3. We have Advice, that the Imperial Forces are entred into the Country of *Vicenza*, having marched over the Mountains, which 'twas thought impoſſible for an Army to paſs.

*From the Imperial Camp at* Breonye, *June* 3. *N. S.* Prince *Eugene* of *Savoy* arrived the 20th paſt at *Roveredo*, and held the ſame evening a Council of War; The 21ſt he reviewed the ſeveral Regiments, which he found in very good order. The 22d, two Deſerters gave us an Account, that the *French* lay near *Rivole* with 22 Battalions, and a ſmall Body of Horſe, and that they daily expected more Forces. Three ſeveral Parties were ſent out to view the Enemy's Poſts. The 23d Prince *Eugene*, with ſeveral of the General Officers, went to view the Enemy's Camp, and found them very well intrenched, and that it was impracticable to force the Paſſes on that ſide; The 24th, every thing was prepared for the march of the Army; The 25th, ſome Troops were ordered to make a Feint, as if they deſigned to enter into the *Milaneze* by the Mountains of the *Breſcian* and *Bergamaſe*; On the 26th, the Army began to march towards the *Venetian* Territories, a great number of Country People having been employed for ſeveral days to make Ways for them; The Horſe paſſed by the *Val Duga*, and the Foot advanced by two different ways, the *Val di Treda*, and *Berry*, Count *Guttenſtein* being left behind with 4 Battalions of Foot, and a Party of Dragoons, to cover the Frontiers of *Trent*. The 27th, we paſſed the Mountains with mighty difficulties, which were thought unſurmountable; The 28th, both Bodies of Foot joined together in the Valley of *Poliſella*; And about the ſame time, the Horſe entred into the Plains near *Schio*; The Army encamped at *Breonye*. Count *Palfi* marched before with one Regiment of Cuiraſſiers, and two of Dragoons, and 6 Field-Pieces, towards *Legnano* on the River *Adige*, with Orders to poſt himſelf where a Bridge might be moſt conveniently made over that River, and to that end to ſecure as many Boats as he could. Above 100 Deſerters came over to us, and ſaid, a greater number of the *Spaniſh* and *Italian* Soldiers intend to do the like, out of their Affection to the Emperor's Service, to which the People of this Country in general ſhew a great Inclination. Count *Wallenſtein*, who had been ſent to Signior *Molino*, General of the *Venetian* Forces, to acquaint him with our March, returned to our Camp with an Anſwer, That the Republick would obſerve an exact Neutrality. The 29th, Prince *Eugene* went out with a ſtrong Partry to view the Country, and was informed, that the *French* were marching along the River *Adige*, having left only a Detachment at their Camp at *Rivole*. The ſame day, part of our Cannon and Baggage arrived in the Camp, as the reſt did the day following; And we had Advice, that the *French* were marching along the *Adige* towards *Legnano*, and had poſted ſeveral Detachments on the Banks of that River, and ſecured all the Boats they could; The 31ſt, a Party of our Men returned to the Camp from *Peſcantina*, and brought in a *French* Lieutenant, two other Officers, and 15 Soldiers, Priſoners, who had paſſed the River at St. *Pietro*, with Orders to ſecure the Boats on this ſide; And ſome time after, a Trumpet came from Marſhal *de Catinat* to demand the Priſoners; to which Anſwer was returned, That the *French* were the firſt Aggreſſors, by ſeizing all the Boats on the River *Adige*, and that the Imperial Troops had Orders to treat all thoſe as Enemies who ſhould attempt to hinder their Paſſage. The firſt Inſtant we had Advice, that the *French* continued to make Marches and Countermarches, and to poſt Detachments on the Banks of the *Adige* towards *Legnano*. Yeſterday arrived here the Dragoons of *Savoy*, and the Cuiraſſiers of *Vaudemont*. The *German* Soldiers obſerve a very ſtrict Diſcipline, and pay for every thing they have of the Country People. We are expecting to hear of Count *Palfy*'s having ſecured the Paſſage of the *Adige*, and are making Preparations to march from hence.

*From the* French *Camp at* Goſſolingo, *June* 6. *N. S.* The *German* Army lies on the other ſide of the *Adige*, and a Regiment of their Horſe, and two of Dragoons, commanded by Count *Palfi*, are marched down by the Banks of that River, to ſeize upon all the Boats they can find, in order to paſs into *Ferrara*, from whence they may either advance towards *Milan* or *Naples*; To hinder the Execution of their Deſign, the *French* Forces are poſted as follows; The Prince *de Vaudemont* and Marſhal *de Catinat* have their Head Quarters at this Place, with 9 Battalions only; 5 Battalions are at *Piolhatran*, 5 near *Verona*, 9 at *Rivole*, and 9 Battalions are ſent with Monſieur *Vaubecourt*, to ſecure the Paſſes into *Ferrara*. Twenty five Squadrons of Horſe, and two Regiments of Dragoons, are poſted at *Legnano*, and the reſt of our Horſe are in the Country of *Mantua*, ready to join us when 'tis thought neceſſary. The *Venetians* obſerve hitherto an exact Neutrality, and ſeveral *German* and *French* Officers have met and converſed together at *Verona*; But the People are generally for the *Germans*.

*Vienna, June* 4. The Treaty is concluded for the 6000 *Danes* now in *Saxony*, to enter into the Emperor's Service; Monſieur *Urbigh* goes with it to morrow to *Copenhagen*, and Monſieur *Jeſſen*, Envoy Extraordinary from *Denmark*, will continue here till he returns with the Ratification. Orders are ſent to Monſieur *Straatman*, the Emperor's Envoy at *Warſaw*, to make Propoſals to the King of *Poland*, for his ſending 8000 *Saxons* to the Emperor's Aſſiſtance. The Biſhop of *Oſnabrug* has agreed to put a Regiment of Foot into the Emperor's Service; and his Imperial Majeſty has given Orders for raiſing two new Regiments. Prince *Lewis of Baden* having received entire Satisfaction as to his Pretentions from this Court, has Orders to draw together ſuch Imperial Regiments as can be ſpared out of the ſeveral Garriſons in the Empire, which are to be joined by the Forces of *Swabia*, who are about forming a Camp; And 'tis ſaid, the Auxiliary Forces which are furniſhed by the Kings of *Denmark* and *Pruſſia*, the Elector Palatine, and other Princes, will alſo be ordered to the *Rhine*. Field-Marſhal *Staremberg*, famous for defending *Vienna* againſt the *Turks* in the year 1688. died this morning, and by his death, the Place of Preſident of the Council of War is become vacant.

*Cologne, June* 14. The Elector Palatine has ordered 5 Regiments of Foot, and 2 of Horſe, to march towards *Weſel*, to join the *Dutch* Forces. The Elector of *Cologne* has put 3 new raiſed Companies into *Zons*.

*Hamburgh, June* 14. The *Daniſh* Agent here has received Orders to get ready the 26000 Dollars which the King of *Denmark* is to pay to the Duke of *Holſtein*. Letters from *Warſaw* of the 4th Inſtant give an Account, that the General Diet of *Poland* met the 30th of

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